

ONE NEW HAVEN LAD BURIED ALIVE SCRAPES WAY OUT IN 3 DAYS

TWO OTHER NEW HAVEN SOLDIERS ARE MENTIONED IN DISPATCHES—YOUTHS FROM BRIDGEPORT ENLISTED IN THE SAME UNIT WITH THEM.

With the American Army in France, Thursday, April 25—(By the Associated Press)—Two American soldiers, wounded in the engagement around Seicheprey, last Saturday, were found alive today in a dugout in No Man's Land. The dugout had been badly smashed by German shells and how the men managed to keep alive in the rain and mud and under continuous German bombardment physicians say is little short of miraculous.

Another soldier, Raymond Demunsky of New Haven, Conn., was buried alive for three days when he crawled to the surface. Demunsky was born in Russia, but had been naturalized. He was found by American Red Cross stretcher bearers who went into No Man's Land this morning. The German fired on the Red Cross flag, but the stretcher bearers kept waving it and the enemy was stopped.

The American troops in the Seicheprey fight, additional details show, were outnumbered in some instances eight to one. The latest advice is that the American casualties are much under the first estimates. Edward Jacques, a New Haven boy, told the correspondent he was one of 150 Americans who at one time were nearly surrounded by at least 800 Germans. French troops came to their assistance, said Jacques, who added:

"We got on fine with the French."

PARISIANS TREAT BOMBARDMENT BY BIG GUN AS JOKE

Look Upon Those Who Leave City In Fear As Deserters.

Paris, April 26—Many Parisians, after harboring refugees from northern France for three and a half years have become refugees themselves. So many of them have fled to the sunny south that most of the resorts are reported full to overflowing. This exodus is attributed to the air-raids but it is by no means an indication that Parisians have been terrified by the Goths. The circumstances connected with the casualty lists show that the victims were not frightened enough, many deaths resulting from rash imprudence.

The average citizen is so proud of the share he takes in the general danger in these raids that he regards the fugitives to the south as deserters in the face of the enemy. Thus has been opened a debate as to the propriety of people of means abandoning the city. The majority agree with the philosopher, Emile Boutroux, who holds that the rich especially are in duty bound to stick to their posts as an example to those who are unable to leave.

SCHROEDER TO BE REPLACED IN ARMY LINES

Amsterdam, April 26—Vice Admiral Schroeder, the commander at Zeebrugge, according to reports reaching here, will be deprived of his command for being taken by surprise by the British on Tuesday.

German newspapers in commenting on the raid on Zeebrugge generally take the hint given in the official reports of Berlin and represent the enterprise as having been a failure. Some, however, admit that the attack was made with great boldness.

"The cement laden ships which were sunk close to the coast, will not hinder the exit and entrance of the German naval forces," the Koelnische Zeitung says.

The Lokal Anzeiger says the raiders succeeded in blocking the waterway to a great extent, but the submarines still are able to leave their harbor as a narrow passage remains.

The Weser Zeitung regards the Belgian version as a fantastic substitution of the wish for the deed and adds:

"It is a success of which we Germans may boast."

The Koelnische Volks Zeitung sees in the attack evidence that the exercise of a submarine base at Zeebrugge is making "life intolerable for England."

BRING DESERTER BACK TO COURT

Southampton, April 26—Julius Perry, brought back from Toledo, O., by a state officer, charged with highway robbery in 1914, was held today for the Superior Court. His mother, Mrs. John Perry, providing a bond of \$1,000, Perry is said to have used the name Pauline and to have deserted from the Canadian forces.

WIDOW OF SINN FEIN REBELLION LEADER IS HELD

Police Stop Meeting in San Francisco and Take Her to Station.

SPEAKING AGAINST IRISH BEING DRAFTED

Scheduled to Talk in Auditorium But Agents Closed Hall Doors.

San Francisco, April 26—Agents of the Department of Justice broke up last night a meeting addressed by Mrs. Hannah Sheehy-Skeffington, widow of a leader of the Sinn Fein rebellion in Ireland, forcibly removed her from the platform and detained the chairman of the meeting, William Short. A patrol wagon load of police scattered several gatherings, before threats to rescue Mrs. Skeffington and Short could be put into execution.

Mrs. Skeffington was scheduled to speak in a downtown auditorium but persons who went to the building were turned away at the doors, the explanation being the agents of the building acting under instructions from the Department of Justice, had denied her the use of the premises.

Later, obtaining another hall in a different section of the city, Mrs. Skeffington had spoken half an hour against conscription in Ireland when agents of the Department of Justice escorted her to the sidewalk. Short, according to the authorities, then addressed the crowd, appealing to them not to permit the meeting to be disrupted. Accompanied by Mrs. Skeffington he was taken to the police station, where he was booked en route to the United States marshal's office.

Mrs. Skeffington was detained at the station until the crowd which accompanied her had departed. She then was released.

The meeting which Mrs. Skeffington was to have addressed at a downtown auditorium was called by the People's Council of America.

SHIPS LEAVE THE SHORES OF PORTO RICO IN BALLAST

Sugar Planters File Protest and Claim Shipments Are Behind Last Year.

San Juan, Porto Rico, April 25—Steamships and schooners with sufficient capacity for carrying 130,000 bags of sugar have been dispatched from Porto Rico to the United States in ballast or else sent to Cuba for cargoes of sugar within a little more than one month when there have been ample sugar cargoes offered here according to shipping men.

Sugar men who are not moving their crops as rapidly as they wish say that ships are not permitted to obtain cargo in Porto Rico because the allotment of spaces for sugar in the West Indies is largely controlled by representatives of steamship companies doing business here.

Nineteen steamers took sugar from Porto Rico to the United States during March carrying a total of approximately 400,000 bags. Shipments are approximately 36,000 tons behind the shipments for the same time last year.

FIVE MEN DIE IN FIRE THAT RUINS BAKERY

Brookline, Mass., April 26—Five men were burned to death in a fire that destroyed the bakery of H. Blewett & Son and the home of Mrs. Eugene V. Blewett here early today. The fire started in the packing room of the bakery and spread after the explosion of a gasoline tank.

About 20 bakers were at work at the time and came were unable to escape before the flames cut off their means of exit, while others were severely burned in making their way to the street.

The police announced later that all the employees had been accounted for except Charles Trantman, Joseph Buckerman, Richard Hiffner, Joseph Silveria and a man named Ruffen. These men escaped safely but returned for their personal effects and were trapped. The charred bodies were found huddled together on an upper floor.

EMBARGO PLACED ON EXPORTATION

Washington, April 26—Holland has placed an embargo on the exportation from the Dutch East Indies of tin, tin ore, cinchona bark, quinine, quinine salts and kapa, all of which are needed in large quantities by the United States for war purposes.

DRILLED HOLES IN PLANE WINGS

Cleveland, April 26—Charged with drilling holes in the wings of aeroplanes ready to be delivered to the government, an employee of a local factory was arrested by federal agents last night and was turned over to the police. He will be detained pending an investigation under the direction of the Department of Justice.

Winston, April 26—Charles H. Bassett, 12 years town clerk, died last night of paralysis. He was born in Seymour 68 years ago.

321 YOUTHS LEAVE FOR YAPHANK

Water Craft and Steam Whistles Blow When Train Moves Out.

EMBRYO HUNTERS OF HUNS JOYOUS

Vast Throng Crowding Depot Proves Most Orderly.

Five thousand mothers, sisters, wives and sweethearts jammed the railroad depot and crowded the entrances to the train sheds this morning to give the 321 Bridgeport boys a farewell and God speed as they boarded the special train and joined the contingents from Waterbury, Torrington, Naugatuck and Ansonia, 700 in all, bound for Camp Upton, L. I.

At 9:45 the heavily loaded train began to move slowly out of the station amid the wild cheering of the 700 husky Connecticut boys on board. Whistles on factories blew, bells rang out, and the harbor craft added a deeper note to the chorus with their sirens. Notwithstanding the indescribable din, here and there in the throng could be heard a mother's stifled sob, but there was no demonstration of sorrow.

Old men looked on dry eyed and anxious, mothers, while their hearts were being hurt, looked with pride upon their boys, as they embraced them for the last time. Sweethearts threw themselves into the four winds as they kissed their loved ones good-bye, and over all there was a spirit of confidence of final victory which boded no good for the foe.

The vast throng which fairly crowded the station was orderly in the extreme so that Captain Regan of the First precinct and the 35 policemen under his command had little difficulty in controlling the crowd. When the men had all been entrained their relatives were allowed to approach the cars and many a parting word, hand-clasp and carress was given through the windows of the coaches.

There was only one false note in the big chorus that sent the drafted men on their way, and that was the absence of anyone representing Mayor Wilson or the city administration. No one was allowed to give a speech, no music, nothing to mark the fact that the 321 young men were sons of Bridgeport and meant anything to the city government.

The contingents from the other cities marveled at the situation, because Torrington, Waterbury, Naugatuck and Ansonia, all gave their departing sons a rousing official send off. They had bands at the station, they were given an official farewell address, while if it had not been for the presence of relatives and friends along with the representatives of the draft boards and the 35 policemen, the Bridgeport contingent would have left to serve their country as though they were ordinary travelers.

A few of the men who were to leave with the Bridgeport contingent failed to report while several will leave this city Monday morning to join the party. Board number one supplied 68 men and three transfers. They were in charge of Charles R. Walsh, Martin Lacey, who was employed by the city charities department, was in charge of the men from board number 3 which sent 35 men. Three others failed to report. Every young man from boards 2, 4 and 6 were on hand in time to be sent away with the quota while board 5 sent 33 men. Others who were "mocha" up to the station with the party will leave Monday.

Railroad Secretary Worthing Maylett of Derby had charge of a booth where the young men could obtain writing paper and cards on the train. This arrangement was made by the Y. M. C. A.

Many stories were printed in chalk on the sides of the 11 cars, among which were: "We're from Bridgeport—watch us," and "War is hell, we're going to send the Kaiser there."

The men already aboard the special when it arrived here were from Torrington, Waterbury, Naugatuck and Ansonia. Torrington sent 49 men, Waterbury 202, Naugatuck 29 and Ansonia 74.

The men assembled at their various boards this morning at 8 o'clock where they were given armlets to distinguish them. Yesterday the young men appeared at the division boards at which time they were given their final instructions and presented with a Red Cross service kit. After being sworn into service the men were allowed to return to their homes with instructions to be on hand at the appointed hour.

The first meal to be furnished the men at the expense of Uncle Sam was served on the train, the local boards having made arrangements for distribution of sandwiches and coffee to stay the men's stomachs until they could get their meals at camp. The special train is due to arrive at Camp Upton early this afternoon.

The first stage of the journey to camp for the men up state, who were on the same train, had had its effect, for when they arrived in this station, as a whole they were a happy lot, with the exception of one here and there who was leaving home for the first time, his thoughts back there for the time being.

EXPLOSION IN CANADA KILLS 3

Hamilton, Ont., April 25—Three men were killed and several were injured today by an explosion at the plant of the Hamilton Tar & Ammonia Co. The dead included Alfred Ingram, the superintendent. The cause of the explosion is not known.

GOVERNOR HITS PROFITEERING HOUSE RENTERS

Moves to Prevent Exorbitant Charges for Housing in Industrial Places.

WILL ENFORCE THE SANITATION LAWS

Judges of Courts Asked to Aid Campaign Against Landlord Extortion.

Moves to prevent "rent profiteering" by landlords in Connecticut industrial centers and to insure proper health precautions in tenements were made Monday by Governor Holcomb on recommendation of the Connecticut State Council of Defense. The action of Governor Holcomb was the outgrowth of the investigation of excessive rent charges in Waterbury.

The course decided upon by the governor and the defense council, includes moves to protect tenants in all parts of the state from profiteering such as the commission found has been practiced by a small group of Waterbury landlords. The remedy decided upon has resulted in Governor Holcomb writing to judges of courts throughout the state, as follows:

"The extraordinary demands upon our industries for production of munitions and other war material has created very serious conditions in some of our cities because of inadequate housing facilities. The great body of our citizens is endeavoring to meet the situation with a patriotic spirit but some property owners seek to take undue advantage in extortion of unreasonable and unconscionable rents and in some instances by failure to comply with sanitary laws and regulations. Their unpatriotic conduct is seriously affecting our industrial workers and is detrimental to the interests of the Government in the present emergency and against the public welfare."

"The State Council of Defense has with my approval taken action in this matter and among other things has passed the following votes: "VOTED: That the Council request the Governor to request the courts appointing presiding officials that they require such officials to see that all laws and municipal ordinances relating to the public health be rigidly enforced, and that the Governor be requested to notify all such prosecuting attorneys and all Grand Jurors that they make special endeavors to have all laws and municipal ordinances, relating to the public health, rigidly enforced, and that he will hold them to a strict performance of their public duty."

"VOTED: That the Governor be requested to issue a request to all courts having jurisdiction of actions of summary process that they cause prosecuting attorneys or Grand Jurors in their jurisdiction to be given notice of such actions within their jurisdiction and by requiring such officials to appear in said action, investigate each case and if it appears that the national interests or public safety is seriously jeopardized by unreasonable and exorbitant rent charges for the non-payment of which eviction is sought, that such officials move for the continuance of the case until the present emergency is passed, provided the tenant shall tender to his landlord in full payment of rent due, such amount as said official shall determine to be the fair rental value of said premises due."

"In compliance therewith I hereby request each of the courts indicated in each of these votes in so far as the subject matter is within your jurisdiction."

"In this connection I beg to call to your attention of the appropriate prosecuting officers the provisions of Section 44 of the Public Acts of 1917 under which I am directed to send to the Governor of the United States in the present crisis any assistance within the power of the State, and to that end and for the purpose of providing for the public safety I am authorized to exercise any and all power convenient or necessary in my judgment, and under which it is the duty of every public official in the state to furnish information and assistance as I may require in the execution thereof."

The commission appointed by Governor Holcomb declared that a "small group" of Waterbury landlords has in "cold blood" extracted the full advantage for themselves out of the economic situation and the imperative needs of the workmen. It also said that while a majority of Waterbury landlords have, to their credit, refused to take advantage of the situation, a few "have charged extortionate rents far above any fair level, have failed to make elementary repairs, have maintained disgracefully unhealthy conditions and have furnished a housing not worth even a normal rent."

A summary of rent increases found by the commission as a result of an investigation in Waterbury, follows: Taking 192 cases together without regard to the number of rooms in the particular rents, the averages were as follows: Average first rent, \$15.16; average last rent, \$27.96; average increase \$2; average number of rooms per rent 5.2.

The percentage of increase in 7 cases of three room rents was 84; the percentage of increase in 17 cases of four room rents was 78; the percentage of increase in 24 cases of five room rents was 81; and the percentage of increase in 20 cases of six room rents was 82.

The report of the commission also showed that a survey of rent conditions in several cities made in 1913 by the Bureau of Social Research of Providence, R. I., showed that rents in Waterbury then were higher than in three other cities studied, therefore, showing the uselessness of an allegation that the "first rentals" used by the commission were abnormally low.

BELGIUM GRANTED ANOTHER CREDIT

Washington, April 26—Belgium was granted another credit of \$2,350,000 by the treasury today, making her total borrowings from the United States \$297,950,000 and credits to all the Allies \$4,358,250,000.

ARREST SPANIARD ON AN ESPIONAGE CHARGE

PARIS PRESS GIVES MANY DETAILS OF THE REMARKABLE CAREER OF MARQUIS DE ARQUEVILLE—ONCE EMPLOYED BY KRUPPS, MADE FORTUNE.

Paris, April 26—The arrest on Monday on an espionage charge of Marquis de Arqueville, a Spanish subject, has resulted in the development in the Parisian press of many details of his remarkable career.

CLARK DECLINES TO ACCEPT LATE SENATOR'S PLACE

Washington, April 26—Speaker Clark today declined Gov. Gardner's proffer of the Missouri senatorship to fill the vacancy caused by Senator Stone's death.

Speaker Clark's letter of declination addressed to Gov. Gardner said in part:

"In this awful crisis of our country's affairs—indeed, of the whole world's affairs—it is the imperative duty of every man to serve the people and uphold the government to the best of his ability where he can do most."

HUNLAND WAGES FAR BELOW THE COST OF LIVING

Working People Undernourished Money Has Only One-Fourth Value.

Washington, April 26—Increase in wages paid in Germany have utterly failed to keep pace with the increased cost of living, says the April bulletin of the Department of Labor. The average increase in wages has been 50 per cent, while the living cost has gone up 300 per cent. The greatest increase in wages has been received by Prussian metal workers who are now getting 69 per cent more than they formerly received. Increases as low as 16 per cent have been reported and some women are still being paid less than \$2.50 per week.

The purchasing power of money has dropped to one-fourth its value before the war according to the bulletin. German workmen, it says, are being underfed. One egg per week is their allowance. Oleomargarine is limited to an ounce and a half for a family of four.

Sugar is more plentiful, the family allowance being one and one-half pounds. Coffee is practically unobtainable. Potatoes are the heaviest item in the ordinary diet.

PLAN TO ADOPT RELIEF BODIES ALL OVER STATE

Hartford, April 26—Plans for the adoption of emergency relief organizations such as those in effect in New Haven and Bridgeport were discussed at the capital today by representatives of several Connecticut cities at a conference called for that purpose by the Connecticut state council of defense.

The cities represented were Hartford, Stamford, Waterbury, New Britain, New London, Norwich, New Haven and Bridgeport.

Those present were: Hartford, Mayor-elect Richard J. Kinella, E. A. Smith, Jacob H. Green and William H. St. John; Stamford, E. J. Scoville, John G. Moore and Edward Sawyer; Waterbury, E. S. Hunt, Mayor W. H. Sandland, George M. Beach, Edward W. Beach, Capt. E. J. Lyon; New Britain, Mayor George A. Quigley, and Earl Kieselbach; New London, Henry C. Chappell and Maurice Sherman; Norwich, William H. Allen; New Haven, C. C. Elwell, F. L. Ford, H. C. Knight and Dr. F. H. Wheeler; Bridgeport, Dr. C. C. Goetz, George L. Warren and Angus P. Thorne.

FARMER HELD UP AT POINT OF REVOLVER

Sheriff Holmstead of Monroe Center, telephoned police headquarters today that Isaac Ravella while driving a wagon near Monroe Center last night was held up at the point of a gun by two masked highwaymen who overhauled him in a high powered touring car. The bandits went through his pockets and took \$50 which he had on him.

According to further information obtained by the police, the wagon was traveling along the road without having any lights and when overtaken by the bandits in the auto it was sometime before Ravella could make out the fact that the men were holding guns within a few feet of his head. They were careful to avoid getting the glare of the light from the auto lamps, so that it was impossible to get anything like a description of them in the darkness. After they had satisfied themselves of the fact that he had nothing else of value upon him they turned their auto around and drove toward Bridgeport at a high rate of speed.

Sheriff Holmstead is of the opinion that the men belong to Bridgeport and the traffic squad have been instructed to investigate drivers of cars which were known to be in the vicinity of Monroe Center last night.

This morning's newspapers print the story of the manner in which the marquis, after having worked as an engineer for the Krupps for 11 years, made a fortune of 4,000,000 francs in commissions on the sale of submarines built on plans furnished by him. The newspapers now declare the submarine plans which he took to the Krupps were stolen from the French ministry of marine.

M. Labeuf, the engineer who drew the plans, tells the Petit Parisien that they were stolen, but he makes no direct charge against the marquis. The first submarines produced by the Krupps, it is claimed, were recognized as copies of the French submarine Aligrette.

The marquis, in his own defense, says he accepted offers made to him by the Krupps only after he had offered the same to both France and England, and that he built four submarines for Russia before working for the Krupps. He denies that he stole the plans of the Aligrette.

The marquis, it appears, built a ship yard in Bordeaux in close proximity to the government establishment there.

SEVEN OFFICERS NAMED ON LATEST CASUALTY LIST

Nine Killed In Action and Five Reported Dead From Battle Wounds

NAMES OF 75 MEN SENT BY PERSHING

Privates Reported Missing Few Days Ago Now Reported As Wounded

Washington, April 26—The casualty list today contained 5 names, divided as follows:

Killed in action, 3; died of wounds, 5; died of disease, 3; wounded severely, 33; wounded slightly, 25.

Seven officers were named, five of them being reported severely wounded and two slightly wounded. They are: Severely wounded, Capt. Henry H. Worthington and Lieuts. Orlando C. Brown, Edward M. Freeman, John J. Hyde and Harry F. Kelly; slightly wounded, Lieuts. William H. Kirk and Alfred J. Kivlin.

In addition to the seven officers named, another lieutenant, Julien N. Dow, previously reported killed in action, was reported a prisoner in Germany and suffering from a severe wound.

Killed in action—Sergeants Harry T. Cochran, William R. Knapp, Corporal Louis M. Holmes, privates Harry J. Atkins, Delmar J. Warner, Joseph Dimarco, Charles G. French, Joseph F. Gaudette, Ralph Palumbo.

Died of wounds—Privates Albert Adams, George J. Duto, Benjamin Kaskia, Clarence F. Pyrah, Charles L. Smith.

Died of disease—Sergeant Cooper D. Wells, Mechanic John L. Ehrle, George C. Bess.

Wounded severely—Capt. Henry H. Worthington, Lieuts. Orlando C. Brown, Edward M. Freeman, John J. Hyde, Harry F. Kelly; Sergeants Fred Himes, Abe Ruskin, Corporal George W. Sterling, Cooks Frank Anker, Joseph L. Wood, Privates Alexander Allerdice, Joseph Mmiedo, Hugh Carroll, John P. Cottingham, Ralph J. Cullinan, Mervyn Davis, Michael J. Dillon, Harper H. Faulkner, John Grawlak, John Giguere, John F. Grainger, Basilio Guidora, George E. Light, George Alfred Hopkins, Robert L. House, Julius Kuhlmy, Frank F. Mellon, Peter Modolevski, John Morris, Samuel R. Schlimer, Ben L. Semon, Charles W. Williamson.

Wounded slightly—Lieuts. William H. Kirk, Alfred P. Kivlin, Sergeant Charles Smith, Corporals Robert P. Barrett, Harry S. Gallagher, Martin O'Reilly, Mechanic Charles O. Thieser, Wagoner John Mastaglio, Privates Harold P. Archer, John Bogdan, Walter Borek, Walter Cabak, William E. Devins, Caleb W. Feoback, George W. Ford, Charles G. Fyfe, Joseph Healy, Elmer Jernberg, Thomas F. Kelly, Walter A. Loiselle, Silvio June Lusardi, John Madera, George W. Macbille, John Norman, Maurice O'Meara.

Privates Thomas Connolly, Charles A. Wiggins and Michael K. Holmes, previously reported missing in action, now reported wounded in action.

HARTFORD HONORS ITS DRAFTED MEN

Hartford, April 26—Two hundred selectives left Hartford at 9 o'clock this morning for Camp Upton, L. I. Entraining was preceded by a street parade led by a band of volunteer musicians. Thousands of persons were at the station.

BANK PAYS WAR BONUS

Amsterdam, April 26—The Deutsche Bank of Berlin, which is enjoying record prosperity on account of the vast number of war industries in which it is interested, is paying all its employees war bonuses ranging from 20 to 50 per cent of their salaries.

BOSTON MAN KILLED

Ottawa, Ont., April 26—The Canadian overseas casualty list issued today included the names of the following Americans killed: A. C. Johnston, Boston, and R. McNamee, Lowell.